MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		Do not use this space 29989
City Kanaa Caty (No D.)	No. 7002 Bistrict No. 7002	Registered No. Ward)
2. FULL NAME (a) Residence. No. (Usual place of abode) Length of residence in city or town where death accurred 9 yrs. mos. ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.		
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CER	TIFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR DIVORCED (write the word) The Married, Widoweb, or Divorced HUSBAND or HUSBAND or DIVORCED	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY) 17. I HEREBY CERTIFY 19.	Y. That I attended deceased from
(OR) WIFE OF	that a last saw harman alive on	19. f., and that
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS II LESS than 1 day,	THE CAUSE OF DEATH WAS	
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED		Jan
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer).	CONTRIBUTORY VICTOR (SECONDARY)	Jeurelien) Tra Chrome
(c) Name of employer 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY)	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRICTED.	(duration) The da
10. NAME OF FATHER Charles In the		DATEO
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY?	Mentione M.D
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)	*State the Dismass Causino Death, or in deaths from Violent Causea, state (1) Means and Nature of Indust, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or Homograph. (See roverse side for additional space.)	
14. INFORMANT STATES STATES TO THE STATES TO	19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION	OC, 8, 19 25
FRED. 19 19 PREGISTRAR	20. UNDERTAKER	NO 2 2/22 Vine

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by, U. S. Census, and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement: it should be used only when meeded. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman." "Manager." "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife. Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation); using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the, only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria. (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"): Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ---- (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valsular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage; as, "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was " undertaken. For violent deaths state means, or INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury; as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.